SECTION 6

Catalyst and Exhaust Systems

Contents

Description and Operation6-1
Catalytic Converter System Engine Application6-1
Diagnosis and Testing
System Inspection6-2
Pinpoint Tests6-3
Special Service Tools

Page Blank In Original Document

Description and Operation

CATALYTIC CONVERTER SYSTEM

Engine Applications

All Engines

The engine exhaust consists mainly of Nitrogen (N_2) , however, it also contains Carbon Monoxide (CO), Carbon Dioxide (CO₂), Water Vapor (H₂O), Oxygen (O₂), Nitrogen Oxides (NO_x), and Hydrogen (H₂) as well as various, unburned Hydrocarbons (HC). Three of these exhaust components - CO, NO_x, and HC - are major air pollutants, so their emission to the atmosphere must be controlled.

The three-way catalytic (TWC) converter, mounted in the engine exhaust system, works as a gas reactor to convert and reduce the pollutant levels to within legally prescribed limits.

The catalyst metals are thinly coated onto and supported by a honeycomb shaped high temperature ceramic, mounted inside the converter shell. The result is a highly effective converter design having minimum restriction to exhaust gas flow and good durability.

For further information regarding the makeup of the system and its relationship to other engine/emission systems, refer to the appropriate Schematic Diagram, Section 4 of this manual.

Diagnosis and Testing

SYSTEM INSPECTION

1. Visually inspect the components of the Catalyst and Exhaust System and related controls that may affect exhaust gas quality or cause backfire or loss of power.

Look for:

Electrical	Mechanical	
 Misrouted, Damaged Wiring Damaged Coil, Distributors or Spark Plugs Corroded Loose Connectors 	 Leaking Fuel Injectors Damaged Air Inlet Passages Exhaust Pipe Pinched, Crushed Damaged, Loose Vacuum Hoses Incorrect Idle Speed Air Filter Condition 	

- 2. Exercise the wiring and connectors for the solenoids and other components for obvious problems due to looseness, corrosion, or other damage. This must be done until the engine is fully warmed to activate the system controls.
- 3. Check the vacuum lines and connections for looseness, pinching, leakage, splitting, blockage, or other damage that may cause malfunction.
- 4. If a vacuum line is suspected as the obvious cause of malfunction, correct the cause before proceeding to the next step.
- 5. If all checks are OK, proceed to Pinpoint Tests.
- 6. If diagnostic symptom is ''Fails Emission Test'', proceed to Pinpoint Test EG1. If the symptoms are ''Backfires'' or ''Lacks Power'', proceed to Pinpoint Test EX1.
- NOTE: Failure to conform to the Federal Clean Air Act legal requirements for a particular vehicle and calibration is usually the result of one or more emission related system or component malfunctions.

Diagnosis and Testing		E	ngi	nes	EG
TEST STEP	RES	ULT		ACTIC	ON TO TAKE
EG1 EXHAUST GAS EMISSION TEST					
 Perform the Exhaust Emission Test on the vehicle using certified testing equipment. 	Yes		►	End of t	esting.
• Does the vehicle pass the test?	No			GO to T	est EG2 .
EG2 EMISSION SYSTEM MALFUNCTION DETECTION BY QUICK TEST					
 Use the Quick Test (Section 15) to detect Emission System(s) malfunctioning. 	Yes		►	Pinpoint	Electronic Test(s). Refer
 NOTE: Faults in the Catalyst and Exhaust Systems due to exhaust leaks or melted catalyst are not detectable by Quick Test. Are service codes present? 				QT8 fo Pinpoint OK, perf Steps E	
	No		►	(Catalytic possibly contamin	System is
EG3 CATALYST AND EXHAUST SYSTEM FUNCTION					
 Refer to Section 8 for the correct procedure for checking the EVAP System function. 	Yes		►	GO to 🖪	G8 .
Rerun Quick Test.	No				VREPLACE as to eliminate
 Does the vehicle pass Quick Test? 					odes. GO to
EG4 BY-PASS AIR CONTROL AND INLET AIR CONTROL SYSTEMS FUNCTION					
Refer to Sections 9 and 10 for the correct procedure for checking the By-Pass Air and Inlet Air Control Systems	Yes			GO to 🖪	G8 .
Air Control Systems.Rerun Quick Test.	No			required	REPLACE as to eliminate
 Does the vehicle pass Exhaust Emission Quick 				service o	odes. GO to

• Does the vehicle pass Exhaust Emission Quick Test?

EG8 .

All

Diagnosis and Testing

All	
Engines	

EG

[Γ	
TEST STEP	RESULT	ACTION TO TAKE
EG5 TURBOCHARGER SYSTEM FUNCTION		
 Refer to Section 12 for the correct procedure for checking the Turbocharger System. 	Yes	• GO to EG8 .
Rerun Quick Test.	No	SERVICE/REPLACE as required to eliminate
 Does the vehicle pass Quick Test? 		service codes. GO to
EG6 FUEL DELIVERY SYSTEM FUNCTION	_	
 Refer to Section 13 for the correct procedure for checking the Fuel Delivery System. 	Yes 🕨	GO to EG8 .
Rerun Quick Test.	No	 SERVICE/REPLACE as required to eliminate
• Does the vehicle pass Quick Test?		service codes. GO to EG8 .
EG7 IGNITION SYSTEM FUNCTION		
 Refer to Section 14 for the correct procedure for checking the Ignition integrity and function. 	Yes	• GO to EG8 .
Rerun Quick Test.	No	 SERVICE/REPLACE as required to eliminate
 Does the vehicle pass Quick Test? 		service codes. GO to EG8 .
EG8 EXHAUST GAS EMISSION TEST RERUN		
 After all Service codes have been eliminated (Tests EG3 through EG7), or other Exhaust 	Yes	 End of testing.
System corrections made (Tests EX1 through EX4), rerun the Exhaust Gas Emission Test.	No	• GO to EG9 .
• Does the vehicle pass the test?		
Convright © 1990 Ford Motor Co	•	www.techcapri.com

Diagnosis and Testing		A Engi		EG
TEST STEP	RES		ACTIC	N TO TAKE
EG9 TEST EQUIPMENT CALIBRATION CHECK				
 Verify the correctness of procedures used in the Exhaust Emission Test. 	Yes	►		esting; SUBMIT nal equipment
 Determine, if possible, whether the test equipment has been damaged, tampered with, or misused by unqualified personnel. 			recertifica	ation.
 Check the maintenance records on the test equipment. Note any instances of prior malfunction, age of equipment, and the expiration date of the current certification period. 	No		EG3 th	M Test Steps rough EG7 . eck OK, return ostic Routines, 2.
 Check the subject vehicle exhaust gas quality using other available equipment. 				
Does the vehicle pass Exhaust Emission Test on the alternate equipment?				

www.techcapri.com

Diagnosis	and	Testing
-----------	-----	---------

All Engines

EX

TEST STEP	RESULT	ACTION TO TAKE
EX1 VACUUM TEST		
 Attach vacuum gauge to intake manifold vacuum source. Hook up tachometer. Start engine and gradually increase speed to 2000 rpm with transmission in NEUTRAL. Is the manifold vacuum above 16 inches of mercury? 	Yes ►	No restriction in exhaust system. Condition #1 - If sent here from Test EG2 , GO to EG9 . Condition #2 - If sent here from Diagnostic Routines, RETURN to Diagnostic Routines, Section 2.
	No 🕨	GO to EX2 .
EX2 VACUUM TEST - EXHAUST DISCONNECTED		
Turn engine off.	Yes 🕨	GO to EX3 .
• Disconnect exhaust system at exhaust manifold.		
Repeat vacuum test.	No 🕨	GO to EX4.
 Is the manifold vacuum above 16 inches of mercury? 		
EX3 VACUUM TEST — CATALYTIC CONVERTER ON/MUFFLER OFF		
Turn engine Off.	Yes 🕨	REPLACE muffler.
Reconnect exhaust system at exhaust manifold.		
Disconnect muffler.	No	REPLACE catalytic converter and INSPECT
 Repeat vacuum test. Is the manifold vacuum above 16 inches of mercury? 		muffler to be sure converter debris has not entered muffler. GO to Test EG8 .
EX4 EXHAUST MANIFOLD RESTRICTION CHECK	-	
 Remove the exhaust manifold. Inspect the ports for casting flash by dropping a length of chain into each port. 	Yes 🕨	RETURN to Diagnostic Routines, Section 2.
NOTE: Do not use a wire or light to check ports. The restriction may be large enough for them to pass through but small enough to cause excessive back pressure at high engine rpm.	No	REPLACE the exhaust manifold. GO to EG8 .
Is the manifold free of casting flash?		

Special Service Tools

SPECIAL SERVICE TOOLS

Rotunda Number	Description
059-00008	Vacuum Gauge
055-00101	Engine Tachometer

CA13945-A

Page Blank In Original Document